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YOUNG CHOIR.

MAY 11 1936



JUVENILE SINGING SCHOOLS, SABBATH SCHOOLS, PRIMARY CLASSES, &c.

WILLIAM B. BRADBURY
CHARLES W. SANDERS.

NEW YORK: MARK H. NEWMAN. 199 Broadway. 1842.

#### ENTERED,

According to Act of Congress, in the year 1841, by WILLIAM B. BRADBURY AND CHARLES W. SANDERS,
In the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Southern District of
NEW YORK.

CHARLES DINGLEY, MUSIC TYPOGRAPHER, 19 Ann-street. SMITH & WRIGHT, BTEREOTYPERS, 216 William-st.

# YOUNG CHOIR.



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# PREFACE.

#### To the Authors of "The Young Choir."

GENTLEMEN,—I have been much gratified by examining the plan of your "Young Chair." Lowell Mason and others have pionered the way wish credit and success; and, as I admire the "Con Spirito" and "Co. Amore' styles, I am happy again to find men of a kindred spirit, eaching the same feeling of professional devotion to the cause of Juvenile Music, which I deem to be of far greater importance than seems generally to be allowed.

The Public are much indebted to the good taste and discernment of Win. C. Woodbridge, (of the "Journal of Education,") for urging upon their attention, the German system of Juvenile Music, which he, with the aid of L. Mason, brought so favorably into notice in 1826. I consider that effort to have greatly benefited the cause of education generally—especially the department of the moral training of the young. I doubt not but that throught its means, may families and schools have become nests of cooing harmony, where before was the jarring war of discord and illnature. It forms an epoch in the History of Music in this country, and I am happy to find that though through many difficulties, and much prejudice, the cause is winning its way to popular favor; and now, though many useful little works have preceded "The Young Choir," it syst needed, and will, I timb, prodently and efficiently fill its place in extending good sentiments, and pure and virtuous precepts, clothed in flowing harmony, which can not but tend, while it renders the mind more susceptible of feeling, to impress and fix more deeply, such sentiments on the youthful heart.

My experience constantly confirms me in the opinion, that the aid of music in moral training is of the first importance. If wise nen and prophets are taken for authority, music has the greatest power of influence over the disposition and manners; it soothes and cheers, inspires and consoles, and may be said to be the charm of infancy, the delight of youth, and the solace of old age. The constant use of such a real and efficient contributor to good nature and cheerfulness, should not be disregarded in early education. Children can be taught scientifically—they should therefore be taught to sing correctly; and the couplets they sing, should be such as will interest them—as simple as their own ideas. They should contain striking and lively images, with pure and just sentiments; clothed in simple and intelligible language, without being puerile or vulsar.

For the purposes of moral training, they should illustrate the preceptive lessons of Religion, the duties of man in the social relations and obligations to his Creator. The Hebrews, Greeks, Romans, and Egyptians, believed that they could more

VI PREFACE.

effectually te "h the maxims of virtue, by calling in the aid of Music, and Poetry. These maxims, they therefore put into verse, and se, them to the most popular and simple airs to be sung by their children. Let Christian Parents and Teachers be persuaded to avail themselves of the same pure and happy influence, to subserve a purer system of morals every way more worthy of every ingenious aid and association, which may recommend it to the youthful mind with a desirable and lively interest. Let, then, our Juvenile Singing-books overflow with flowing harmony, and "telt the Music Master be

I believe the time is already come, that in American Schools, music is to take the place nature has assigned it; viz., to relieve the tedium of labor by its sprightliness; to quicken memory and invigorate intellect by its pleasing, soothing excitement, (so congenial to the young,) and give deeper impress to every good precept, and the needed reproof, to the angry, prond, and naushly heart of childhood—thus subserving the most valuable purpose in government and discipline of schools. in the education of the passions by one of the most efficient means of moral training. Should the plan, already projected through yourselves and others, become immediately operative, I am confident education would be advanced, and moral training be easier and better effected. Let our juvenile song books be full of pointed meaning, illustrated from nature, the grand inspirer of pure and living thought! Let us have songs of the sun set and sun rise—songs of the stars, and gentler moon. songs of the warbling birds, the lowing herds, the humming insects, and the fragrant breathing flowers; -songs by day and songs by night, songs of the every-varying seasons, and each adapted to convey some pointed moral to the heart-let us have songs reproving every evil passion, and songs alluring to the sweeter practice of every virtue-songs of reproof, of counsel, and instruction, with grateful Hymns of Praise and adoration. "The Young Choir" comprises most of the characteristics I have hinted at: it is as it should be, a moral song book and a sacred Hymn Book-desecrating neither by the simplicity and homespun plainness, that, in some specimens I have seen, dwindle into puerility and vulgarisms. Your book contains a great variety for its size, and will, I think, be well suited both to Day Schools and Sunday Schools. Common Schools or Select-while the Elementary part seems to me to be more concise and lucid than others I have examined.

These few thoughts are the result of my late conversation with you on the subject; I have put them together in as connected a form as my brief leisure has admitted of—if any of it, suits the purpose of your general circular, or as a preface to your forth-coming little choir—if you think proper so to use it, it is entirely at your service—with you best wishes for the

I remain, Your obedient servant,

S. W. SETON.

NEW YORK, July, 1841.

success of your effort now making among us.

abroad "

## ELEMENTS OF MUSIC.

#### LESSON L.

## RHYTHM, OR LENGTH OF MUSICAL SOUNDS.

NOTES.
Let the pupil make one long sound to the syllable La, thus: La————————————————————————————————————
A whole note, or semibreve, made thus, o an oval.
A half note, or minim, made thus, an open head and stem.
A quarter note, or crotchet, made thus, head filled and stem.
An eighth note, or quaver, made thus, head filled, and one hook.
A sixteenth note, or semiquaver, made thus, head filled, and two hooks.
A thirty-second note, or demisemiquaver, made thus, head filled, and three hooks,

Note.—Pupils should now practice making all the different kinds of notes on slates, or paper, which they should have for that purpose, after answering promptly the following

QUESTIONS.—What are those characters called, which are used to represent the length of sounds? Ane. Notes. What is the name of that note, which represents a long or whole sound? How is the whole note on sembreve made? How is the half note made? The quarter note? The eighth note? The sixteenth? The thirty-second note?

THE STAFF,

### LESSON II.

The characters used to regulate the pitch of musical sounds, are

#### MELODY.

consisting of five lines, four spaces, and

I HE	ULEFS.		
2			
The Treble Clef	fixes the letter	G on the second line.	
<del>-</del>			6
The Base Clef	fixes the letter	F on the fourth line.	
		•	
When the clefs are aff	ixed to the staff, the fired from the lowest up	rst seven letters of the alpward.	phabet are applied to it, and
	BLE CLEF.		E BASE CLEF.
Fifth lineFourth line	Fourth space E	Fifth line	Fourth space G
OThird line _	Third space C	Third line	Third space E
Second line	Second space A		Second space C
9	First space F	First line	First space A

When more than five lines and four spaces of the staff are required, short lines are placed above or below the staff, called leger lines. These are numbered and lettered in the same manner as the staff.

Second line above C-			
First line above A	Second space above	B	
- O	First space above	G	
y			
Ψ			
	First space below	D	-
First line below— C———————————————————————————————————	Second space below	R	

Each line and space upon the staff is called a degree.



QUESTIONS.—What are those characters called, which are used to regulate the pitch of musical sounds? How many clefs are used, and what are they called? When the clefs are niffixed to the staff, what letters are applied to it? Make a treble clef. A base clef. Make the two staffs with their clefs. When more lines and spaces of the staff are required, what is to be done! How are leger lines numbered and lettered? What is each line and space of the staff called?

#### LESSON III.

The following table should now be committed to memory.

	TREBLE STAFF.	BASE STAFF.
First, or lowest line is Second line is Third line is Fourth line is Fifth line is	B. Third space is A.  B. Third space is C.  D. Fourth space is E.	First, or lowest line is G. Second line is B. Second space is C. Third line is D. Fourth line is F. Furth line is G. Furth space is G. Furth line is G. Furth space is G.
	LEGER	LINES.
First line below is Second line below is First line above is Second line above is	A. First space above is - G.	First line below is - E.   First space below is - F. Second line below is - C.   Second space below is D. Second line above is E.   Second space above is B. Second space above is B.

QUESTIONS.—What is the first or lowest line of the treble staff! The second line? Third line? Fourth line? Fith line? What is the first space? The second space? Third space? Fourth space? What is the first, or lowest line of the base staff? The second line? Third line? Fith line? What is the first space? The second space? Third space? Fourth space? What is the first leger line below the treble staff? The second? The first leger line above? The second? What is the first space below? The second? The second? The second? The second? The first leger line above? The second? What is the first space below? The second? The first space above? The second? What is the first space below? The second?

## LESSON IV.

The scale, or musical alphabet, is a series of eight sounds, containing five whole tones, and two semitones, or half tenes, differing from each other in their pitch. The semitones occur between the 3d and 4th, and 7th and 8th of the scale. As the staff regulates the pitch of sounds, all our melody must be written about it.

# 

The letters are . . . . . . . . . . . . D Sing the scale also with the syllable la.

The syllables to be sung to the scale are

Note.—Pupils should practice this scale till they become perfectly familiar with the sounds, syllables, numerals, and letters, QUESTIONS.—What is the scale? Between what numerals of the scale do the semitones occur? What regulates the pitch of sounds? What syllables are applied to the scale? What numerals? What letters are applied to this scale?

### LESSON V.

The staff is divided into small portions, by perpendicular lines drawn across it. These lines are called bars. The distance from one bar to another is called a measure. All music is divided into measures, thus:—



As we have a variety of notes of different lengths-whole, half, quarter, &c., it will be difficult to give

to each its proper value or portion of time, while singing, without some rule by which to divide time.

This rule we have in

#### REATING TIME

To beat time is to motion with the hand, as, down, up;—down, left, up;—down, left, right, up;—down, left, right, up, up.

ILLUSTRATION.

Own, lett, right, up. ILLUSTRATION.

Double Measure. Triple Measure. Quadruple Measure. Sextuple Measure.



The Pupils should now practice beating these different kinds of time, describing audibly, Down, up, &c.

QUESTIONS.—How is the staff divided? What are these lines called? What is the distance from one bar to another called? What role have we for giving to each note its portion of time? Describe the different ways of beating time.

# LESSON VI.

#### VARIETIES OF TIME AND MEASURES.

Note.—D stands for down, l for left, r for right, and u for up.

Double measure has two beats—d, u. The upper figure in Double measure is - - - - 2. Triple measure has three beats—d, l, u. The upper figure in Triple measure is - - - 3. Quadruple measure has four beats—d, l, r, u. The upper figure in Quadruple measure is - 4. Sextuple measure has six beats—d, d, l, r, u, u. The upper figure in Sextuple measure is - 6.

Sextuple measure has six beats—d, d, l, r, u, u. The upper figure in Sextuple measure is -  $\theta$ .

Double measure nas two varieties; 1st, 2 and 2d 2.

Triple measure has three varieties; 1st, 3 2d, 3 and 3d 3

Quadruple measure has two varieties; 1st, 4, and 2d 4.

Sextuple measure has three varieties; 1st,  $\frac{6}{2}$ , 2d,  $\frac{6}{4}$ , and 3d  $\frac{6}{8}$ .

QUESTIONS.—How many beats has double measure? How many has triple measure? Quadruple measure? Sextingle measure? How many varieties has double measure? What is the direct What is the second? How many varieties has triple measure? What is the first? The second? The third? How many varieties has quadruple measure? What is the first? The second? How many varieties has sextuple measure? What is the first? The second? The third?

- In  $\frac{2}{2}$  (two-two) measure, how much time should be given to each whole note? Ans. Two beats.
- In measure, how much time should be given to each half note? Ans. One beat.

How is the half note made? Make a quarter note. Make a half note.

Note.—I( pupils can not promptly answer the last two questions, they should immediately turn back to Lesson I., and review it theroughly.

- In a measure, how much time should be given to quarter notes? Ans. Two should be sung to one beat.
- In 4 measure, how much time should be given to each quarter note? Ans. One beat. To each half note? Ans. Two beats. To eighth notes? Ans. Two should be sung to one beat.
  - In 3 measure, how much time should be given to each half note? Ans. One beat.
  - In 4 measure, how much time should be given to each half note? Ans. Two beats.

#### THE ASCENDING AND DESCENDING SCALE, IN DOUBLE MEASURE.



# LESSON VII.

OF RESTS, AND OTHER CHARACTERS USED IN MUSIC.

Rests are characters indicating silence. The time, given to the rests, must be the same as given to the notes, whose name they bear. For example; if you prolong the sound given to a whole note four beats, you must make in silence four beats to the whole rest.

Whole rest.	Half rest.	Quarter rest.	Eighth rest.	Sixteenth rest.	Thirty second rest.	. Dot of addition
					3	P .
				,	_	
Triplet.	Tie or Bind.	Mark of distinction	n. Pause or hold.	Repeat.	Double Bar.	Close.

Orescendo.	Diminuendo.	Sivell.	Sharp.	Flat.	Natural.	Signatures.
			#==	b		X b X #
	1				1	19 9

A dot or point adds one half to the length of any note.

A Triplet, or figure 3, placed over any three notes, reduces them to the time of two of the same kind. A Tie or bind connects such notes as are to be sung to one syllable.

Marks of distinction, placed over or under notes, show that they are to be sung in a short, distinct manner. A Pause or Hold marks an indefinite suspension of time of a note or rest.

A Repeat shows what part of a tune is to be sung twice.

A Double Bar shows the end of a strain or line of the poetry.

A Close denotes the end of a tune, or piece of music.

A Crescendo denotes an increase of sound.

A Diminuendo denotes a decrease of sound.

A Swell denotes a gradual increase and decrease of sound.

A Sharp, set before a note, raises the sound a half tone.

A Flat, set before a note, lowers the sound a half tone.

A Natural, restores notes that have been my le flat or sharp, to their primitive sound.

Flats or Sharps, placed at the beginning ( a piece of music, are called its signature, by which the sylla-

bles of the scale are known.

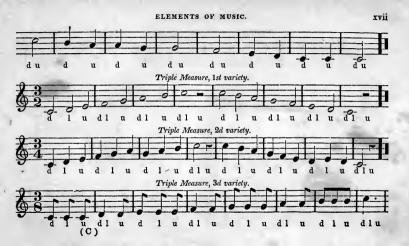
QUESTIONS .- What are those characters called which indicate silence? How is the whole or semibreve rest made \$ The half rest? The quarter rest? The eighth? The sixteenth? The thirty-second? What is the use of a Dot or Point? A Triplet? A Tie or Bind? Marks of Distinction? A pause or Hold? A Repeat? A Double Rar? A Close? A Crescendo? A Diminuendo? A Swell? A Sharp? A Flat? A Natural? What are Flats and Sharps called, when placed at the beginning of a tune? Of what use is the signature?

#### ELEMENTS OF MUSIC.

#### LESSONS FOR PRACTICE.

Pupils should be required to beat time in every exercise. Beat and describe two measures before you















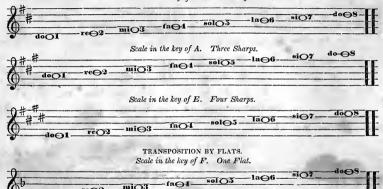
Transposition in music, is the changing of the key note, or first note of the scale, from its natural place, to some other letter of the staff.

TRANSPOSITION BY SHARPS.

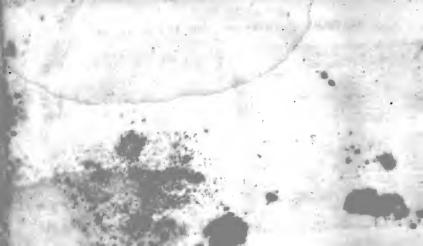
- 11.	Doctor 110	the key of a.	One Bhairp		doOS
0#			105	InO6 \$107-	
A		faO4	0.00		
10 de 1 rec	2				
W					U

Cop

Scale in the key of D. Two Sharps.







## RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE YOUNG CHOIR.

From Peter See, Esq., Chorister of the North Reformed Dutch Church.

Messrs. Bradbury & Sanders:

Gentlemen,-I have not had opportunity since receiving a copy of the "Young Choir," you were kind enough to present me, to examine it carefully. I have, however, seen enough to satisfy me that it is admirably adapted to the object intended to be promoted by it, and do most cheerfully concur in recommending it to all who have the instruction of children, believing as I do, that great importance is attached to the instruction of children in the art of singing. I hope, therefore, your effort will meet with abundant success .- Very respectfully yours,

PETER SER.

New-York, Nov. 16, 1841.

From the Baptist Advocate. The "Young Choir," adapted to the Use of Juvenile Singing Schools, Sabbath Schools, Primary Classes, &c., by Wm. B. Bradbury and Charles W. Sanders.

This is what it professes to be, a collection of music adapted to juvenile classes. A considerable portion of it is priginal, and has never before been published. The tunes are lively and suited to please and interest children and youth. Preceding the regular tunes about twenty pages are occupied with a system of elementary instruction, which, with the aid of a good instructor, will lead a child readily to understand a portion of the science of

music. We are as much pleased with the typographical execution of , the book as with its contents, and, as the design, the instruction ! desire, we cordially recommend the book to the Christian public. Jar airs, taken from Mozart, Auber, Nageli, &c. and edouted ...

From the New-York Evangelist.

The "Young Choir," adapted to Juvenile Singing Schools, Sabbath Schools, Primary Classes, &c., by William B. Bradbury and Charles W. Sanders.

This is the title of a little music book of 144 pages, just issued from the press. It is designed, as may be learned from the titlepage, for the use of Juvenile Singing Schools, &c.; and I am convinced, after having given it a careful examination, that it

is well adapted to its object.

Its typographical part is executed in a very superior and beautiful style. And I say not this for the very common and idle purpose of a mere pangeyric. Every intelligent and practical musician knows very well that an easy and ready execution. even of the most simple passages, may be rendered impossible by a careless and confused typography. This difficulty in a singing-book for children, would be still more objectionable, as it would be attended with much greater inconvenience. But I am happy to say, in regard to "The Young Choir," that this evil does not appear in the smallest degree.

The elementary lessons of the "Young Choir" are few and brief; but they are very clear and simple, and admirably adapted as the outline of a regular course of instruction.

The music of this work is made up of original and selected pieces, generally of a light, flowing and easy style, just calculated for the practice of children. It contains a very few of our most popular church tunes, such as Rockingham, Blake, Hebron, and Ortonville; but the principal part of the music has been either composed or arranged for the work. Among those that of the young in sacred music, is with us a favorite object of have been arranged for this work, are some of the most popu-

#### RECOMMENDATIONS.

hymns of an instructive character, well calculated to interest, to sing. It will make them happier white young, and better the juvenile mind, and impress it with some good moral lesson. The new music contained in the work, while it posesses no very striking marks of originality, is well arranged, and certainly well adapted for the purposes of juvenile singing schools. It gives evidence of having been composed by those accustnmed to juvenile instruction, and such too, as understand their business. We wish this work success.

From the Christian Advocate and Journal. The "Young Choir," or School Singing Book, By W. B. Bradbury and C. W. Sanders.

This work is of the pocket size, and within the compass of 144 pages, contains a choice collection of tunes for children, with twenty pages of "elements of music," or instruction for young beginners. The melodies in the work are simple, rich, and flowing, and the harmony such as will please the ear and affect the heart.

From the Times and Star.

The "Young Choir," adapted to the use of the young, by William B. Bradbury and Charles W. Sanders.

This is truly a musical age in which we live. If every body is not in tune, it will not be the fault of the music makers, But what we now see is as nothing to what shall yet be. The next generation-(would that we were young again, to enjoy it with them!)-ves, the next generation-will all be singers. This new book is all for the young .- It is for 'Juvenile Singing Schools, Sabbath Schools, Primary Classes, &c.' The book is got up in very good taste. The music is simple and cheering. The elementary instructions, we should think, is quite superior. Get the book : introduce it to your children, and teach them all

citizens through life.

Messrs, Dayton & Newman:

Gentlemen,-I have examined your valuable little musical publication, "The Young Choir," and feel gratified to be able to express my unconditional approbation of the same. It is just the thing wanted for invenile classes; and I hope it may be widely and extensively patronized.

I am respectfully yours, S. B. POND.

Late Vocal Leader of the N. Y. Sacred Music Society.

Messrs, Davton & Newman

Gentlemen .- I have examined "The Young Choir" with considerable attention. I am particularly pleased with the elementary part of the book. I have never seen an clucidation of the first principles of music, where the important attributes of perspiculty and brevity were both so happily and successfully united. All needless technicalities are dispensed with, and the elements of music are presented with a directness and simplicity. and in such an order as cannot fail to interest and teach the juvenile mind. This part of the work does much credit to its compilers.

The music of the work is generally of an easy and flowing style, and well adapted and arranged for juvenile singing; and it is uniformly accompanied with poetry inculcating some good sentiment. I hope the book will be widely circulated I can most cheerfully recommend it to the patronage of my friends and the public. Yours, muly,

DARIUS E. JONES. Choirister of Rev. E. F. Hatfield's Church.

Ascen	ding.	Scale in	the key of Bb	Two F	lats.	si⊖7	doQ8
Desce	nding.	-Ia <b>⊖6</b> — Scale in	$sol \bigcirc 5$	fa\(\frac{1}{4}\)	miO3	re⊖2	do()1
b b b dool -	re()2	- mi⊖3—	fnO4	••l⊖5—	In O G	_si⊖7_	doOS
p p p qoon	—-re⊖2 —	Scale in	the key of Ab.	Four Fo	1-00	si <u>07</u>	do⊖8
If the Signature is or It 'he Signature is tv If 'e Signature is th If the Signature is fo	ne sharp, #, do ro sharps, # ‡ ree sharps, #	is on # do is on	<b>D</b> . If	the Signati the Signati the Signati	ure is one flat ure is two flat ure is three fl	EMORY.  , b, do is on - s, b b, do is o ats, b b b, d	on B.



The major third consists of two whole tones: the minor third of one tone and a half.



Let us sing with o - pen sound, With our voices full and round; Do si la sol fa mi re do

This is the scale so sweet,
Do re mi fa sol la si do;
Sing it with accent meet,
Do re mi fa sol la si do;
First ascend in notes so true;
Then descend in order too:

Do si la sol fa mi re do.

O how we love to sing,
Do re mi fa sol la si do,
Praise to th' heav'nly King,
Do re mi fa sol la si do;
Let us learn his face to seek,
Then aloud his praise we'll speak,
Do si la sol fa mi re do.

\* Great care should here be taken, that the sounds of the Scale are accurately tuned, and that the suggestions given in the song in reference to the formation of the voice, be successfully reduced to practice.

# EXPLANATION OF MUSICAL TERMS.

Adagio, slow. Ad libitum, or ad lib., at pleasure. Affetuoso, in a style of execution adapted to express affection, or deep emotion. Air, the leading part, or melody. Allegro, quick. Alto, counter, or high tenor. Andante, distinct, and rather slow. Andantino, quicker than Andante. Anthem, a composition set to the language of the sacred Scriptures. A Tempo, in time. Base, the lowest part in harmony. Chorus, all the parts and voices." Coda, the close of a composition, or an aditional close. Contralto, the lowest female voice. Da Capo, or D. C., close with the first strain. Dolce, sweetness, softness, gentleness, Duet, music consisting of two parts. Expressivo, with expression. Forte, or F., strong and full. Fortissimo, or FF., very loud.

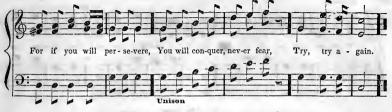
Grazioso, graceful. Harmony, an agreeable combination of musical sounds. Largo, a slow movement. Legato, close and gliding style. Maestoso, with grandeur of expression. Melody, an agreeable succession of sounds. Mezzo, or M., medium. Moderato, between Andante and Allegro. Piano, or P., soft. Pianissimo, or PP,, very soft. Smi-Chorus, half the choir or voices. Solo, one part and one voice. Soprano, the Treble, or higher voice part. Sostenuto, sustaining the sounds to their value ir time. Spirituoso, with spirit. Staccato, short and distinct. Tenor, a high male voice. Treble, the highest female voice. Trio, a composition for three voices. Unison, notes on the same letter. Vigoroso, with energy.

# YOUNG CHOIR.



Come with hearts of gladness, Come with joyful lays, Free from gloom and sadness, Join our song of praise. Virtue's voice attending Guides in Wisdom's ways, Hearts and voices blending, Join in sweetest praise.





2.
Once or twice though you should fail,
Try, try again;
If at last you would prevail,
Try, try again;
If we strive, 't is no disgrace,
Though we may not win the race;
What should you do in that case?

Try, try again.

3.
If you find your task is hard,
Try, try again;
Time will bring you your reward,
Try, try again;
All that other folks can do,
Why, with patience, may not you?
Only keep this rule in view,
Try, try again.





- All ye nations, join and sing, Christ, of lords and kings, is King; Let it sound from shore to shore, Jesus reigns forever more. Wake the song, &c.
- 3. Now the desert lands rejoice,
  And the islands join their voice;
  Yea, the whole creation sings,
  Jesus is the King of kings.
  Wake the song, &c.





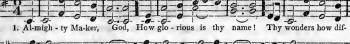
- 3. Other refuge have I none, Hangs my helpless soul on Thee; Leave, oh! leave me not alone, Still support and comfort me!
- All my trust on Thee is stay'd, All my help from Thee I bring; Cover my defenseless head, With the shadow of thy wing.



our dark minds thy truth in - still. That we may know and 3. Our fervent prayer to thee ascends, For parents, teachers, foes, and friends; And when we in thy house appear, Help us to worship in thy fear.

4. When we on earth shall meet no more. May we above to glory soar; And praise thee in more lofty strains, Where one eternal Sabbath reigns.





In na-tive white and red. The rose and li - ly stand, And free from pride their 3. The larks mounts up the sky, With un - am - bi - tious song ; And bears her Maker's



praise on high, Up - on her art - less tongue.





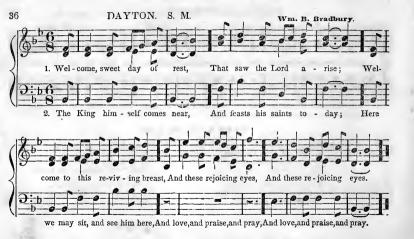


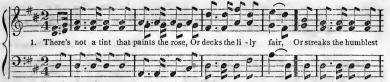


### HYMN 2.-Un. Hy. p. 350.

To Thee, O blessed Savior, Our grateful songs we raise; O tune our hearts and voices Thy holy name to praise; 'Tis by thy sovereign mercy, We're here allow'd to meet: To join with friends and teachers, Thy blessing to entreat.

O may thy precious gospel Be publish'd all abroad. Till the benighted heathen Shall know and serve the Lord: Till o'er the wide creation, The rays of truth shall shine, And nations now in darkness Arise to light divine.





2. There's not of grass a sin-gle blade, Or leaf of loveliest green, Where heav'nly skill is 3. There's not a star whose twinkling light, Shines on the distant earth, And cheers the si-lent



not display'd, And heav'nly wisdom seen. gloom of night, But Heaven gave it birth.

There's not a place in earth's vast round.

For God is every where.

In ocean's deep, or air, Where skill and wisdom are not found;

5.

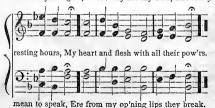
Around, beneath, below, above,
Wherever space extends,
There God displays his boundless love.
And power with mercy blends.



L. Mason.

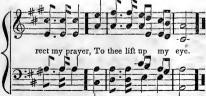


2. My thoughts, before they are my own, Are to my God distinctly known: He knows the words I



- 3. Within thy circling pow'r I stand, On every side I find thy hand; Awake, asleep, at home, abroad, I am surrounded still with God.
- 4. O may these thoughts possess my breast Where'er I rove, where'er I rest! Nor let my weaker passions dare Consent to sin: for God is there!

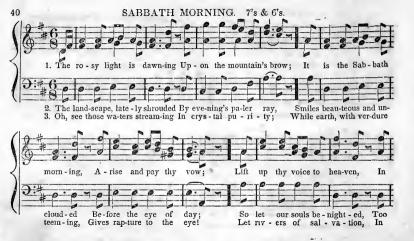




Father's throne Our songs and our complaints.

- Then to thy house will I resort,
   To taste thy mercies there;
   I will frequent thy holy court,
   And worship in thy fear.
- O may thy Spirit guide my feet In ways of righteousness! Make every path of duty straight And plain before my face.

<sup>\*</sup> Upper notes of the base staff for tenor





long in fol - ly's shade, By thy kind smiles be lighted, To joys that nev-er fade. larger cur-rents flow, Till eve-ry tribe and na-tion I neir healing vir-tues know.

## HYMN 2 .- S. S. Hy. Book.

2.

To thee we raise our voices,
To whom our lives belong;
In whom the earth rejoices,
With loud and ardent song.
Our num'rous sins confessing,
We sue for pard'ning grace;
And ask thy boundless blessing
Upon our sinful race.

(F)

Our lives in mercy lengthen, And guide them by thy will; The feeble purpose strengthen, Thy gospel to fulfill. Remember, Lord, our preachers, The heralds of the truth; And bless our faithful teachers, The guardians of our youth.



2. I love to think on mer-cies past, And fu-ture good im - plore; And all my cares and



- 3. I love by faith to take a view Of brighter scenes in heaven: The prospect doth my strength renew. While here by tempests driven.
- 4. Thus, when life's toilsome day is o'er, May its departing ray Be calm as this impressive hour. And lead to endless day.



W. B. B.





2. In ten-der in-fan-cy, his care Preserved our lives from harm; And now he keeps us



- He gives us friends, who seek our good, And strive to make us wise;
   His bounteous hand provides our food, And all our wants supplies.
- 4. With grateful praise we will proclaim
  The mercies of our Got;
  And sing the glory of his name,
  Who bought us with his blood

thee can give · No-thing but love shall I receive. Then will I tell to sinners round, What a dear



# HYMN 2.

2.

Descend from heaven, immortal Dove,
Stoop down, and take us on thy wings,
And mount and bear us far above
The reach of these inferior things:
Beyond, beyond this lower sky,
Up where eternal ages roll,
Where solid pleasures never die,
And fruits immortal feast the soul.

O for a sight, a pleasing sight
Of our Almighty Father's throne!
There sits our Savior crown'd with light,
Clothed in a body like our own.
When shall the day, dear Lord, appear,
That I shall mount and dwell above,
And stand and bow before thee there,
And view thy face, and sing thy love?

3.





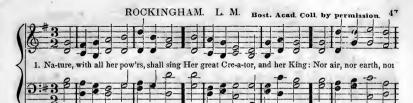


has been long, Chill'd my hones suppress'd my song.

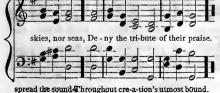
3. How the soul in winter mourns, Till the Lord, the Sun, returns ! Till the spirit's gentle rain Bids the heart revive again!

see.

4. O beloved Savior, haste, Tell me all the storms are past: Speak, and by thy gracious voice, Make my drooping soul rejoice.



2. Ye angels, near his radiant throne, U-nite to make his glories known; At-tune your harps, and



And join, with heart-inspiring songs,
The anthems of angelic tongues.

4. Yet, gracious God, our feeble frame

 O may our grateful zeal employ Each pow'r of mind in hymns of joy:

4. Yet, gracious God, our feeble frame Attempts in vain to reach thy name; The highest notes that angels raise, Fall far below thy glorious praise.



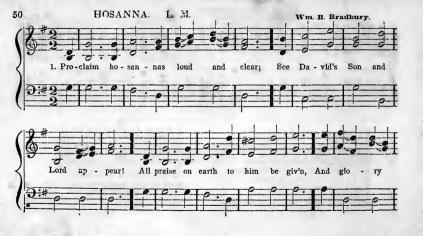




We come, we come, the song to swell, To Him who loved our world so well, That, stooping from his Father's throne, He died to claim it as his own.
With joy we haste the aisles to fill, Yet youthful bands are gathering still, O, thus may we in heaven above, Unite in praises and in love; And still the angels fill their home With joyful cry—"They come, they come."

Now to the Lord who built the skies, Let grateful songs of praise arnse; By every tribe and every tongue, Now be his grace in concert sung: Far as the rolling planets move, He spreads his mercy and his love; So let his praises be express'd. From north to south, from east to west, And every heart that love adore, Which reigns and rules for evermore.

(G)



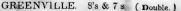


What are those soul-reviving strains, Which echo thus from Salem's plains? What anthems loud, and louder still, So sweetly sound from Zion's hill?

Lo! 'tis an infant chorus sings, Hosanna to the King of kings: The Saviour comes!—and we proclaim Salvation sent in Jesus' name. Nor these alone their voice shall raise, For we will join this song of praise; Still Israel's children forward press, To hail the Lord our righteousness.

Messiah's name shall joy impart, Alike to Jew and Gentile heart; He bled for us—he bled for you, And we will sing hosanna too.









Jesus, Hail! enthroned in glory. There forever to abide:

All the heavenly hosts adore thee, Seated at thy Father's side: There for sinners thou art pleading,

There thou dost our place prepare; Ever for us interceding

Till in glory we appear.



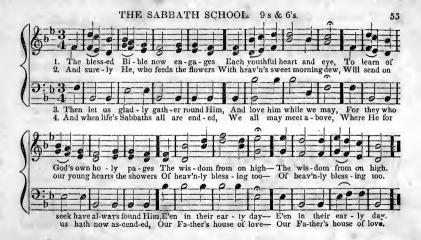
2. But where the Gos - pel comes, It spreads di - vin - er light; It calls dead sin - ners



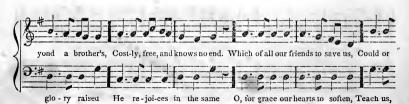
from their tombs, And gives the blind their sight.

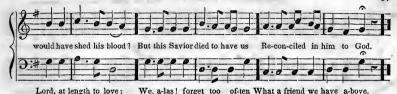
- How perfect is thy word!
   And all thy judgments just!

   Forever sure thy promise, Lord,
   And we securely trust.
- My gracious God, how plain Are thy directions given!
   O may I never read in vain, But find the path to heaven.









## HYMN. 2 .- Un. Hy. p. 272.

Think, O ye, who fondly languish
O'er the grave of those you love,
While your bosoms throb with anguish,
They are singing hymns above.
While your silent steps are straying
Lonely through night's deepening shade,
Glory's brightest beams are playing

Round the happy Christian's head.

Light and peace at once deriving
From the hand of God most high;
In his glorious presence living,
They shall never, never die.
Cease then, mourner, cease to languish
O'er the grave of those you love;
Pain, and death, and night, and anguish
Enter not the world above.





seek my grace, Shall nev - er seek









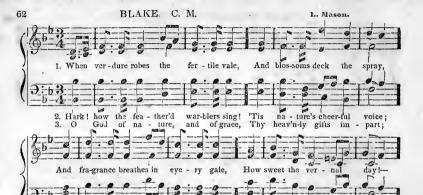






#### G. H. Bates.

- 2. Does not our blessed Savior say To those who love his cause, Seek not the treasures earth can yield. Nor court its vain applause:
- 3. Why should I seek a worldly store To make me happy here; Since those who most its treasures love, Esteem the world so dear.
- 4. O! then may I with heart content, Obey his gracious voice; Nor seek to call the world my own, For 'tis a fatal choice.



Soft mu - sic hails the love - ly spring, And woods and fields re - joice:—

Then shall my me - di - ta - tion trace, Spring, bloom-ing m my heart:—



the



HYMN 2.

shall my me - di - ta - tion trace, Spring, blooming in

love - ly spring, And woods aud fields

How shall the young secure their hearts. And guard their lives from sin? Thy word the choicest rules imparts To keep the conscience clean.

sic hails

When once it enters to the mind. It spreads such light abroad, The meanest souls instruction find, And raise their thoughts to God.

Soft

Then

'Tis like the sun, a heav'nly light, That guides us all the day; And through the dangers of the night, A lamp to lead our way.

ioice.

heart.

mv

Thy word is everlasting truth: How pure is every page! That holy book shall guide our youth, And well support our age.



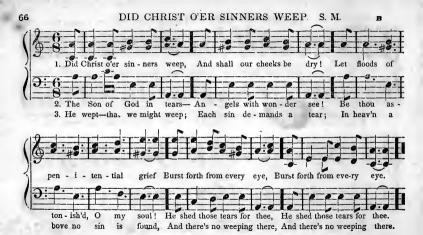
2. My Bible! in this book alone, I find God's holy will made known; And here his love to 3. My Bi-ble! here with joy I trace The records of redeeming grace; Glad ti - dings to a

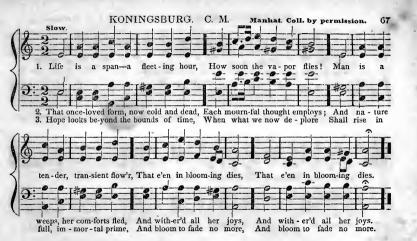


 My Bible! source of comfort pure, To those who trials here endure; The hope of heaven it renders sure, Best hope for me.

 I love my Bible; may I ne'er Consult it but with faith and prayer, That I may see my Savior there, Who died for me.



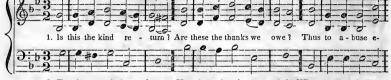








Mather.



2. To what a stub-born frame Has sin reduced our mind! What strange rebellious



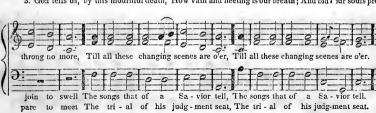
Turn, turn us, mighty God, And mold our souls afresh, Istone, Break, sovereign grace, these hearts of And give us hearts of flesh,

Let past ingratitude Provoke our weeping eyes, And hourly as new mercies fall, Let hourly thanks arise.





- 2. No more that voice we loved to hear Shall fill his teacher's list'ning ear; No more its tones snall
- 3. God tells us, by this mournful death, How vain and fleeting is our breath; And bid a pur souls pre-











With singing we praise, the original grace, By our heavenly Father bestow'd: Our being receive from his bounty and live To the honor and glory of God.

For thy glory we are, created to share Both the nature and kingdom divine : Created again, that our souls may remain, In time and eternity thine.

With thanks we approve the design of thy love, Which hath join'd us in Jesus' name; So united in heart that we never can part, Till we meet at the feast of the Lamb.

Halleluiah, we sing unto Jesus our King, In the praise of his wonderful love, To the Lamb that was slain, Halleluiah again, Till with angels we praise him above.

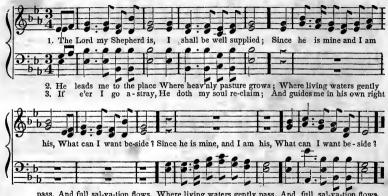








Us from earth to call away. Borne on angel's wings to heaven, Glad to leave our cumb'rous clay: May we ready Rise and reign in endless day !



pass, And full sal-va-tion flows, Where living waters gently pass, And full sal-va-tion flows. way, For his most holy name, And guides me in his own right way, For his most holy name.



2. And gaze a far o'er cultured plains, And cities with their state-ly fanes, And for ests that be.
3. But hap-pier far, if then thy soul Can soar to Him who made the whole, If to thine eye the
4. If heaving and earth, with beauty fraught, Lead to his throne thy raptured tho tiff there thou loved's this

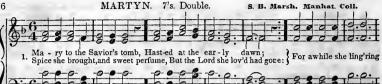


neath them lie, And o-cean mingling with the sky. simplest flow'r Por-tray his bounty and his pow'r. love to read, Then wanderer, thou art blest indeed.

HYMN 2 .- L. M. -S. S. Hu. Book.

How sweetly on yon tranquil stream
 The setting sun imprints his ray!
 Which back reflects the saffron beam,
 And glows when it has pass'd away.

 More sweetly far when death draws nigh, Religion casts her soothing light, Sheds on the spirit's opening eye, Her hues immortal, fair, and bright.



Trembling while a crystal flood. Is-sued from her weeping eyes.



2. But her sorrows quickly fled, When she heard his welcome voice: Christ had risen from the dead : Now he bids her heart rejoice: What a change his word can make, Turning darkness into day! Ye who weep for Jesus' sake. He will wipe your tears away.





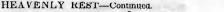
<sup>.</sup> Originally written on the occasion of the death of a young Lady, a member of Mount Vernon School, Besten.

1. An - oth - er six day's work is done, An - oth - er Sab - bath is be - gun; Re-

2. O may our prayers and prai-ses rise, As grate - ful in - cense to the skies; And



draw from heav'n that sweet repose, Which none but he, who feels it, knows. In ho-ly du - ties







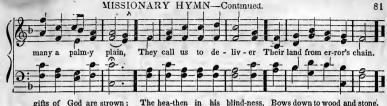
of one that ne'er shall end. hope

## HYMN 2.

In cold misfortune's cheerless day, When joy, and peace, and love depart, When friends deceive and hopes decay, And sorrows press the heavy heart: Lord, thou canst a relief impart,
'Tis thou canst cheer the wounded mind. 'Tis thou canst heal affliction's, smart. Teach us to pray and be resign'd.







Shall we, whose souls are lighted By wisdom from on high-Shall we to man benighted The lamp of life deny ?-

Salvation !-- oh, salvation ! The joyful sound proclaim,

Till earth's remotest nation

Has learnt Messiah's name.

Till o'er our ransom'd nature. The Lamb for sinners slain, Redeemer, King, Creator,

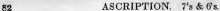
In bliss returns to reign

Waft-waft, ye winds, his story;

It spreads from pole to pole;

And you, ye waters, roll, Till, like a sea of glory,

(L)





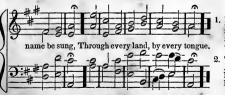
tudes! ye came, Our Redeem-er to pro-claim; earth shall fail, Soon shall drop the mor-tal vail,

3:b \_ | - | |

Christ, our Lord, the theme, the song,
Then no more the stranger,
Welcon'd by the shining throng,
In lone Bethlehem's manger.
Robed in peerless majesty.—
Soon our eyes shall also see,
Then we'll cry, "'Tis He, "Tis he,
Glory, glory,' glory,'



2. E - ter-nal are thy mercies, Lord, Eternal truth attends thy word, Thy name shall sound from



shore to shore, Till suns shall rise and set no more.

DOXOLOGIES.

1. Praise God from whom all blessings flow;
Praise him all creatures here below;
Praise him above, ye heavenly host,
Praise Father, Son, and Holy Ghost.

 To God the Father, God the Son, And God the Spirit, three in One, Be honor, praise, and glery given, By all on earth, and all in heaven.







Tune, tune your harps, your harps, ye saints
All is well—All is well. [in glory,
I will rehearse, rehearse the pleasing story,
All is well—All is well.

Bright angels are from glory come,
They're round my bed, they're in my room,
They wait to wait my spirit home,
All is well—Ali is well.

Hark, hark! my Lord, my Lord and Master
All is well—All is well. [calls me,
I soon shall see, shall see his face in glory
All is well.—All is well.

Farewell, dear friends, adieu, adieu! I can no longer stay with you, My glittering crown appears in view, All is well—All is well.

Hail, hail, all hail! all hail! ye blood-wash'd Saved by grace—Saved by grace. [throng; I've come to join, to join your rapturous song, Saved by grace—Saved by grace, All, all is peace and joy divine, And heaven and glory now are mine; 0, halleluiah to the Lamb.

All is well—All is well.





wears a-way. Re-joice, re-joice, when summer days are passing, Re-joice, re-joice, for





1. Rejoice, rejoice, the promised time is coming, Rejoice, rejoice, the wilderness shall bloom,

. And Zion's children then shall sing, The deserts all are blossoming:

Rejoice, rejoice, the promised time is coming, Rejoice, rejoice, the wilderness shall bloom, The Gospel banner, wide unfurl'd.

Shall wave in triumph o'er the world; And every creature, bond and free,

Shall hail the glorious jubilee:

Rejoice, rejoice, the promised time is coming, Rejoice, rejoice, the wilderness shall bloom.\_

2. Rejoice, rejoice, the promised time is coming, Rejoice, rejoice, Jerusalem shall sing; † From Zion shall the law go forth,

And all shall hear from south to north:

Rejoice, rejoice, the promised time is coming, Rejoice, rejoice, Jerusalem shall sing;

And truth shall sit on every hill, And blessings flow in every rill,

And praise shall every heart employ, And every voice shall shout with joy:

Rejoice, rejoice, the promised time is coming. Rejoice, rejoice, Jerusalem shall sing.

3. Rejoice, rejoice, the promised time is coming, Rejoice, rejoice, the Prince of Peace shall reign. And lambs shall with the leopard play,

For nought shall harm in Zion's way: Rejoice, rejoice, the promised time is coming, Rejoice rejoice, the Prince of Peace shall reign.

The sword and spear, of needless worth, Shall prune the tree and plow the earth,

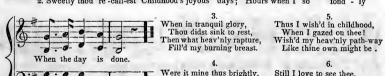
And peace shall smile from shore to shore, And nations shall learn war no more:

Rejoice, rejoice, the promised time is coming. Rejoice, rejoice, the Prince of Peace shall reign.









Watch'd thy evening blaze.

Wirtue's race to run;
Mine to sleep so sweetly
When my work is done.

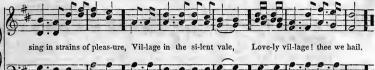
Still I love to see thee, Golden evening sun! Evermore to see thee,

When the day is done.



love to wan-der, Cheer'd by summer's radiant beams, Scenes of sweetest recollection, Sacret

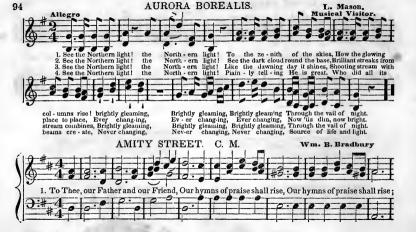


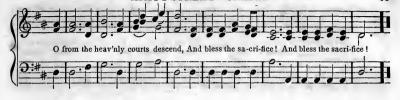


to the soul's reflection, Vil-lage in the si-lent vale, Love-ly vil-lage! thee we hail,

Hark! what mean those holy voices, Sweetly sounding through the skies; Lo! th' angelic host rejoices; Heavenly halleluiahs rise. Hear them tell the wondrous story, Hear them chant in hymns of joy, Glory in the highest—glory! Glory be to God most high!

Christ is born, the great Anointed, Heav'n and earth his praises sing! Oh receive whom God appointed, For your Prophet, Priest, and King. Haste, ye mortals, to adore him; Learn his name and taste his joy; Till in hea. n ye sing before him, Glory be to God most high.





While through our land fair freedom's song, Our fathers raise to thee; Our accents shall the notes prolong, For we, their sons, are free!

9

The past with blessings from thy hand, Was richly scatter'd o'er; As numerous as the countless sand That spreads the ocean shore. O may the future be as bright,
Nor be thy favors less;
Resplendent with the glorious light
Of peace and happiness.

5.

On earth prepare us for the skies;
And when our life is o'er,
Let us to purer mansions rise,
And praise thee evermore.



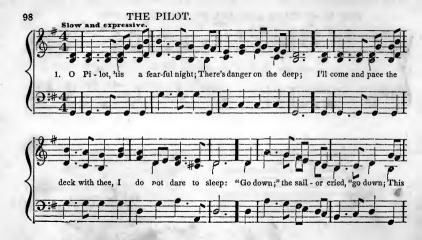


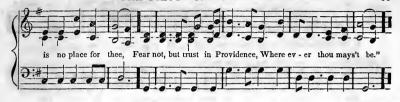


2.

The gem a king might covet,
Is not the gem for me;
From darkness who would move it,
Save that the world may see!
But I've a gem that shuns display,
And next my heart worn every day,
So dearly do I love it;
Oh! that's the gem for me.

Gay birds in cages pining,
Are not the birds for me;
Those plumes so brightly shining,
Would fain fly off from thee:
But I've a bird that gayly sings;
Tho' free to rove, she folds her wings,
For me her flight resigning;
Oh! that's the bird for me.





2

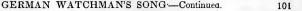
Ah! Pilot, dangers often met,
We all are apt to slight;
And thou hast known these raging waves,
But to subdue their might:
"Oh! tis not apathy," he cried,
"That gives this strength to me;
Fear not, but trust in Providence,
Where ever thou mays't be."

3

On such a night the sea engulfd
My father's lifeless form;
My only brother's boat went down
In just so wild a storm;
And such, perhaps, may be my fate;
But still I say to thee,
"Fear not, but trust in Providence
Where eyer thou mays't be."



Aniong the watchinen in Germany, a singular custom prevails of chanting devotional hymns during the night. The above is a specimen; the several stanzas being chanted, as the hours of the night are successively announced.



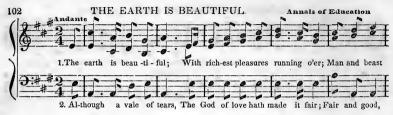


Hark! ye neighbors, and hear me tell— Twelve resounds from the belfry bell! Twelve disciples to Jesus came, Who suffer'd for their Savior's name. Human watch, &c.

.

Hark! ye neighbors, and hear me tell— One has peal'd on the belfry bell! One God above, one Lond indeed, Who bears us forth in hour of need. Human watch, &c. Hark! ye neighbors, and hear me tell— Two resounds from the belfry bell! Two paths before mankind are free, Neighbor, choose the best for thee. Human watch, &c.

Hark! ye neighbors, and hear me tell— Three now sounds on the belfry bell! Threefold reigns the Heav'nly Host, FATHER, SON, and HOLY GHOST! Human watch, &c.





He spreads the flowery field;
He pours the rain—the golden light;
Sweet the sun, to each one,
He stands in all reveal'd.

4

His love to us is clear—
Tho's un may scorch—or tempest beat,
Be content—all's well meant,
Then banish every fear.

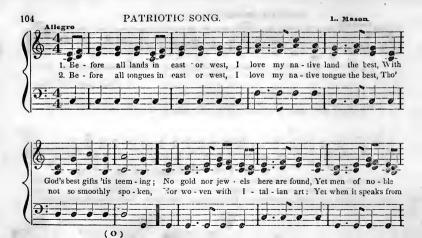




care, Summer's breath was warm around thee, Summer's beam with beauty crown'd thee, So sweetly fair.

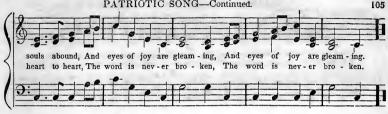
low. Now a - mid thy na - tive bed, Envious weeds, with branches spread, Unkindly grow.

store. Zephyrs soft, that late caress'd thee, Evening smiles, that parting bless'd thee, Return no more.









Before all people east or west, I love my countrymen the best, A race of noble spirit:-A sober mind, a generous heart, To virtue train'd, yet free from art, They from their sires inherit. They from, &c.

To all the world I give my hand, My heart I give my native land; I seek her good, her glory: I honor every nation's name, Respect their fortune and their fame. But I love the land that bore me. But I love, &c.





ECHO SONG, FOR HOLIDAYS. Arranged as a Duet from Rossint.



- 1. Up the hills on a bright sunny morn, Vo. es clear as the bu-gle horn, List to the echoes
- 2. Now by streamlets pear ly, pure, Here we wan der free, secure, See how the rippling
  3. Now thro' sha dy vale and grove, Joyous, hap py, here we rove; List to the songster's
- 4. Happy School Boy, cease to roam, Turn thee to thy joy-ful home, Smiles shall cheer the

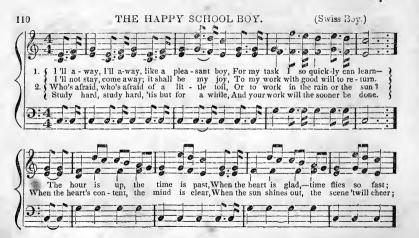


as they flow, Here we go, We go — We go! Come, fol-low, fol-low me; We'll wa-ters flow, On they go, they go— they go! Come, fol-low, fol-low me, &c. cheer-ful lay—Happy day, hap-py day! Come, fol-low, fol-low me, &c. close of day, Home a - way— a - way, a - way! Come, fol-low, fol-low me, &c.

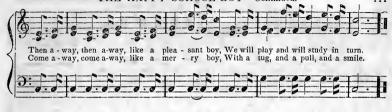


come, we'll come with glee Hoo - ra! hoo - ra! we're free, We'll fol-low, fol-low thee.







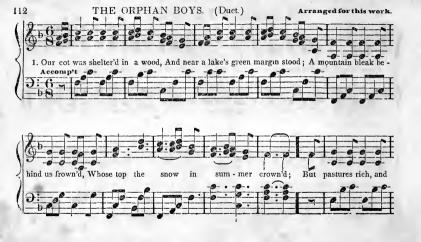


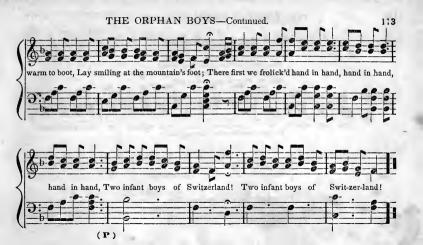
When I play, I will play, like a pleasant boy, And my play shall be cheerful and free: When I work, I will work, like a Yankee boy, With a right good will it shall be: At work or play, endeavor still, To do it all with right good will: Then away, then away, O Yankee boy, With a smile, and a pull, all so free.

Let's away with a cheer, with a glad hoora! Like a man I will toe to the mark; Leave my play-all my play at the school-room With a heart like a cheerful lark :

And I will work all the time I'm there. I'll keep each rule, and I'll work with care. Come away, haste away, there's the school-bell.

I will try to be first on the floor.





When scarcely old enough to know
The meaning of a tale of woe
Twas then by mother we were told,
That father in his grave was cold!
That livelihoods were hard to get,
And we too young to labor yet,



-

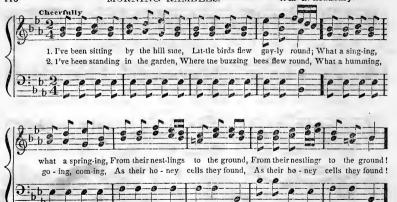
But soon for mother as we grew,
We work'd as much as boys could do;
Our daily gains to her we bore,
But oh! she'll ne'er receive them more:
For long we watch'd beside her bed,
Then sobb'd to see her lie there dead;
And now we wander, hand in hand,
Two orphan boys of Switzerland!



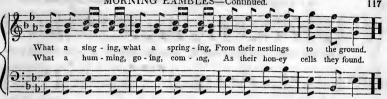


## MORNING RAMBLES.

Wm. B. Bradbury.





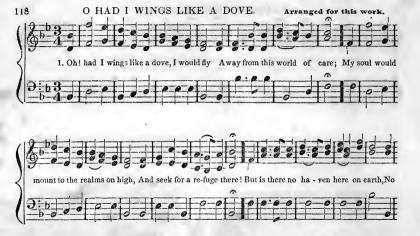


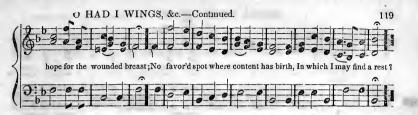
I've been walking in the meadow, Where the swallows sail o'er th' brook, What a dipping, what a dripping, It is droll enough to look.

I've been wandering in the woodland, Where the squirrels sport so free, What a springing, running, leaping Up and down the walnut tree!

While all creatures are thus gayly, Sporting in the beams of day. Let me learn of them the lesson, To be cheerful, brisk and gay.

Cheerful neighbors soor, will join us. With the sun's last parting ray; Then with singing, voices ringing, Will we close a happy day,





2

Oh! is it not written "believe and live,"
The heart by bright hope allured,
Shall find the comfort these words can give,
And be by its faith assured.
Then why should we fear the cold world's frown,
When truth to the heart has giv'n
The light of Religion to guide us on,
In fov to the paths of Heav'n?

There is! there is!—in thy holy word, Thy word which can ne'er depart;

There is a promise of mercy stored, For the lowly and meek of heart.

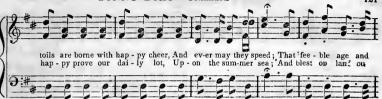
"My yoke is easy, my burden light, Then come unto me for rest;"

These are the words of promise stored, For the wounded and wearied breast.











3. The mermaid on her rock may sing.
The witch may weave her charn;
Nor water sprite, nor eldric thing,
The bonny boat can harm:

It safely bears its scaly store.

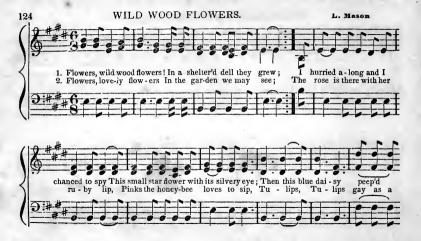
Through many a stormy gale;
While joyful shouts rise from the shore,
Its homeward prow to hail.

4. We cast our lines in Largo bay, &c.

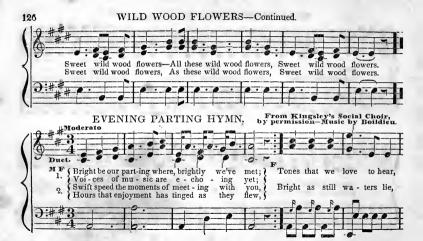


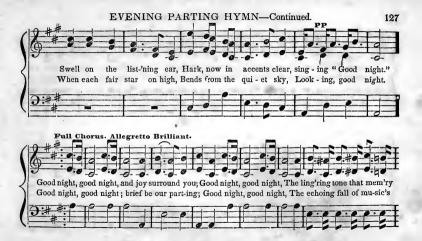
- What fai-ry like mu-sic steals o-ver the sea, En-trancing the senses with
   The winds are all hush'd, and the waters at rest; They sleep like the passions in
- charm'd mel o-dy. What fai -ry like music steals o ver the sea, En-trancing the in fan cy's breast. The winds, &c.

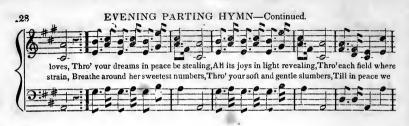








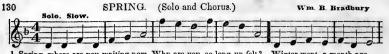












1. Spring, where are you waiting now, Why are you so long un-felt? Winter went a month ago,



When the snow be - gan to melt. 2. I am coming, lit - the maiden, With the pleasant 3.1 am coming, I am coming! Hark! the lit - the 4. Hark, the lit - the lambs are bleating, And the caw-ing 5. See the yellow catkins cov-er, All the slen-der 6. Lit - the maiden, look around thee, Green and flow'ry



sunshine laden; With the honey for the bee, With the blossom for the tree, With the flower and bee is humming; See the lark is soaring high, In the bright and sunny sky; And the gnats are rooks are meeting, In the elms a noisy crowd, And all birds are singing loud, And the first white wil-lows over, And on mossy banks so green, Star-like primroses are seen; And : their clustring fields surround thee; Every lit-the stream is bright; All the orchard trees are white; And each small and



with the leaf, on the wing: but - ter - fly, leaves be - low, way - ing shoot, Till I come the time is brief, "Till I come the time is brief.

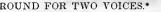
Lit - tle maid-en now is spring, Lit - tle maid-en, now is spring,
In the sun goes flit-ting by, In the sun goes flit-ting by, White and purple violets blow, White and purple violets blow, Has for theesweet flower or fruit. Has for theesweet flower or fruit.

LITTLE ROBIN. Round, for Two or Four voices. W. B. B.



Win - ter chills thy mos - sy bed, Oh, ho, ho, Come then dai - ly and be fed.





W. B. B.





blushing summer now, The rose is red, the bloom is dead, The fruit is on the bough.

2

'Tis June, 'tis merry laughing June, There's not a cloud above: The air is still o'er heath and hill, The bulrush does not move.

3

The pensive willow bends to kiss
The streams so deep and clear:
While purling ripples gliding on,
Bring music to mine ear.

. Sing each stanza two or three times in succession.

.

The mower whistles o'er his toil,
The emerald grass must yield;
The sythe is out, the swath is down,
There's incepse in the field.

5

Oh, how I love to calmly muse, In such an hour as this; To nurse the joy creation gives In purity and bliss.



1. Our youthful hearts with Temp'rance burn, A - way, a-way the bowl: Fare well to rum, and From dram-shops all, our steps we turn, A - way, a-way the bowl.

2. See how the staggering drunkard reels! A - way, away the howl. His children grieve, his Alas! the mis-e - ry he reveals, A - way, away bowl.



Away the bowl, away the bowl. the bowl. away, away Da Capo

(Boys.) We drink no more nor buy nor sell, Away, away the bowl; (Girls.) The drunkard's offers we repel,

all its harms. Farewell the winecup's boasted charms, wife in tears! How sad this once bright home appears!

Away, away the bowl. (All.) United in a temp'rance band,

We're join'd in heart we're join'd in hand.

Away, the bowl, away the bowl, away,

away the bowl.





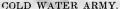
Will you come to the spring that is sparkling and light, Where the birds carol sweetly, the
 Its cup runneth o'er with the pu-rest of drink,
 Let it flow, lovely stream, while it gent - ly im-parts
 The fair glow of beauty, and

4. When the gay flowers droop in the noon summer's heat, The bright dew descending re5. New bless-ings of life, it for - ev - er bestows, Re - vi - ving all nature, where-



sunset is bright? Will you, will you, will you, will you come to the spring? will you, will you bend from the brink. Will you, will you, drink with the flowers ? the heart. Will you, will you, will you, will you drink and be blest? peace to will you, will you drink stores eve - ry sweet. Will you, will you, with the flowers? Will you, will you, will you, will you to the spring! ever it goes. come

(Repeat First Stanza as a Closing Chorus.



135



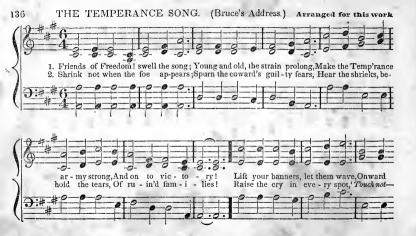
With ban - ner and with badge we come, An army true and strong, To fight against the
 "Cold Wa - ter Ar - my" is our name, O may we faith-ful be, And so in truth and
 Though others love their rum and wine, And drink till they are mad, To wa - ter we will
 I pledge to thee this hand of mine. In faith and friendship strong; And fel-low sol-diers,

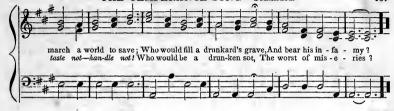


hosts of Rum, And this shall be our song:
jus-tice claim, The blessings of the free:
we will join The cho-rus of our song:
We love the clear Cold Wa-ter Springs, &c.
We love the clear Cold Wa-ter Springs, &c.
We love the clear Cold Wa-ter Springs, &c.



plied by gen - tle show'rs; We feel the strength cold water brings, The Victo - ry





3.

Give the aching bosom rest,
Carry joy to every breast;
Make the wretched drunkard blest,
By living soberly.
Raise the glorious watchword high—
'Touch not—Taste not till you die!—
Let the echo reach the sky,
And earth keep jubilee.

4.

God of mercy! hear us plead,
For thy help we intercede:
See how many bosoms bleed,
And heal them speedily.
Hasten, Lord, the happy day,
When, beneath thy gentle ray,
TEMPERANCE all the world shall sway,
And reign triumphantly.



2. When I remember all The friends, so link'd togeth - er, I've seen around me fall, Like



other days around me; The smiles, the tears of childhood's years, The words of love then spoken, The leaves in wintery weather; I feel like one who treads alone Some banquet hall described. Whose



eyes that shone, Now dimm'd and gone, The cheerful hearts now broken! Thus in the stilly night, Ere lights are fled, whose garlands dead, And all, but he, de - part - ed! Thus in the stilly night, Ere



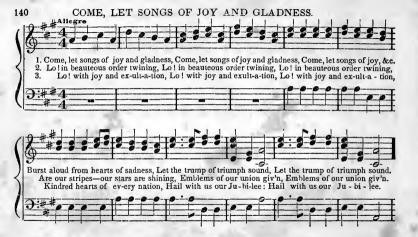
slumber's chain has bound me,

Sad mem'ry brings the light, Of oth-er days around me. Sad mem'ry brings the light, Of oth-er days around me.



This day to greet, with joy we meet, Then banish care away; With festive cheer, come hasten Join'd heart and hand, a happy band, We Freedom's flag display; With music's sound, we gather
 We shout and sing, and flowers bring, Youth's joyful emblems they—The laurel twine with fadeless
 From morn to night, with love unite, To celebrate this day; Let peace and joy our hearts em Our fathers brave, the land to save, Did freedom's call obey—By young and old, their deeds be
 Let banners wave, for deeds so brave, The stripes and stars display—The Eagle bold, our shield shall
 Huz - za again, another strain, And then for home away; This day was won by Washing -









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